Introduction

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is an overall relative measure of deprivation constructed by combining seven domains of deprivation according to their respective weights:

- Income Deprivation (22.5%)
- Employment Deprivation (22.5%)
- Education, Skills and Training Deprivation (13.5%)
- Health Deprivation and Disability (13.5%)
- Crime (9.3%)
- Barriers to Housing and Services (9.3%)
- Living Environment Deprivation (9.3%)

National comparison

There are two Island LSOAs which are among the 10% most deprived areas in England:

- Ryde North East B
- Pan B

And a further 11 within the 20% most deprived:

- Osborne North
- Pan A
- St Johns West A
- Ventnor East A
- Mount Joy B
- Newport South B
- Shanklin Central B
- Ryde South East B
- Newport North B
- Ryde North West A
- Lake North B

At the opposite end of the scale, there are no Island LSOAs within the 10% least deprived areas in England but two within the 20% least deprived:

- Seaview & Nettlestone B
- Bembridge North