COUNCIL TAX EXEMPTIONS

Some dwellings are exempt from Council Tax and the following list is a simplified guide. There is more information about each type of exemption in <u>The Council Tax (Exempt Dwellings) (England)</u> (Order) 1992 and its subsequent amendments.

Class B – Unoccupied dwellings owned by charities (up to six months exemption)

Class D – Dwellings left unoccupied by a person detained in a prison, a hospital, or other place of detention.

Class E – Dwellings left unoccupied by a person living in a hospital or care home

Class F - Dwellings left unoccupied following the death of the person liable to pay council tax

Class G – Dwellings left unoccupied because occupation is prohibited by law

Class H – Unoccupied dwellings held for a minister of religion

Class I – Dwellings left unoccupied by a person needing personal care

Class J – Dwellings left unoccupied by a person providing personal care

Class K – Dwellings left unoccupied by a student (or by students)

Class L – Unoccupied dwelling repossessed by the mortgagee

Class M – Dwellings which are halls of residence for students

Class N – Dwellings occupied only by students, by school or college leavers, or by certain spouses or dependants of students

Class O – Dwellings which are armed forces accommodation owned by the Secretary of State for Defence

Class P – Dwellings where a liable person is a member of visiting forces, or is a dependent of a member of visiting forces

Class Q - Unoccupied dwellings where a trustee in bankruptcy is liable to pay the council tax

Class R – Empty caravan pitches or boat moorings

Class S - Dwellings occupied only by persons under 18

Class T – Unoccupied annexes to an occupied dwelling

Class U – Dwellings occupied only by the severely mentally impaired

Class V – Dwellings which are the main residence of a person with diplomatic privilege or immunity

Class W – Occupied annexes